

BUSINESS OBJECTS PLANNING BUDGET/FORECAST PROCESS TRAINING MANUAL

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BOPSupport@ucl.ac.uk

Tel: 48336

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/finance/finance_pages/financial_project/frp_train_notes.doc

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1. Introduction

The purpose of BOP is to prepare a Quarterly Forecast process and the update of the Budget. For each area an Excel Workbook will be produced which will be pre-populated with the latest position for each account. When the workbooks are ready for review an email will be sent to the departmental user who will need to log on to Business Objects Planning to access the workbooks. The data in the workbooks then needs to be reviewed and updated by the department to reflect the best estimate of the Budget/Forecast for the year. Once approved at departmental level the workbook can be forwarded via the system to the nominated first approver, for Academic Departments normally the Faculty Management Accountant, who will review the amended workbook and can either approve, amend or return it to the department for changes to be made. One further level of approval can be built into the system before the workbook is received within Finance Division for final review and incorporation into the latest Quarter Forecast or Budget.

It is possible to divide a department's accounts between a number of workbooks, although this will only be recommended for workbooks where the number of accounts is very high. Movements of reserves or allocations will not be possible across workbooks and needs to be considered when workbooks are split. It may be necessary to split workbooks where:

- 1) There are too many accounts for a single workbook (maximum size approximately 300 accounts)
- 2) Different people within the department are responsible for entering the data
- 3) The workbooks need to follow different approval paths (although this should be rare)
- 4) The department wishes to have workbooks for different areas of activity (eg sub-units) or into more manageable chunks.

2. Logging on to BOP Through ADS (Finance Only)

2.1. Installing BOP

To install Business Objects Planning on to the PC select the following link, holding down CTRL

<\\\as27.adcom.ucl.ac.uk\PlanningDeployment\ClientInstall\Professional Edition Client.msi>

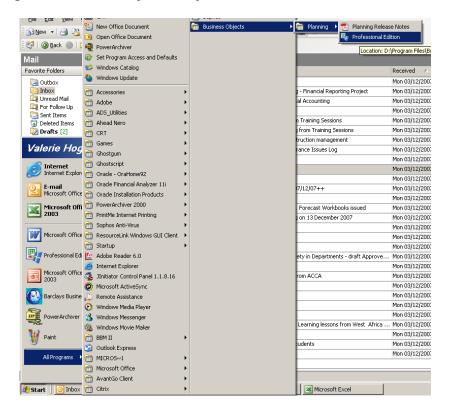
Select *Run*, then *Next*

Click Install when prompted

When this is finished, deselect the view documentation box and click Finished

2.2. Logging on to BOP Within ADS

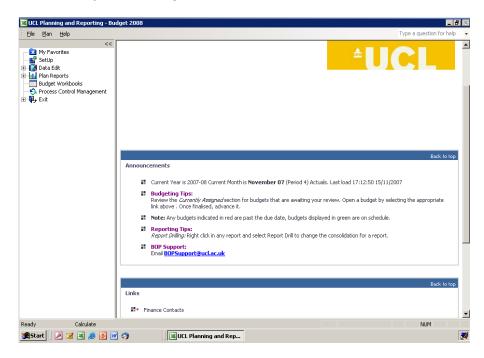
Start the Business Objects Planning software by choosing *Start>All Programs>Business Objects>Professional Edition*



The following log on screen should then appear. Make sure that the system selected is UCL Planning Live and that the Authentication Type is set to ADS Explicit (not Planning). When ADS Explicit is selected, the username is automatically populated and the cursor points to the password. The user must overwrite the pre-populated password with their ADS password.



After entering this, the system should load up the user's homepage in Business Objects Planning, which looks similar to the screen below.



3. Logging on to BOP Through WTS (Requires an IS Account)

3.1. Accessing WTS

If the user has used Staff WTS before they should move to Section 3.2 – *Logging on to BOP within WTS*.

To access WTS the user must have an IS account. To obtain an IS account please contact the IS Helpdesk, details of which can be found by selecting the link below whilst holding down CTRL.

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/is/helpdesk/

There are 2 modes through which the user may access WTS, Standalone WTS (Section A) and Web Based WTS (Section B). It is recommended that the user accesses BOP using the Standalone WTS access as this will automatically map the user's local drives and printers. Both modes can be accessed through any PC that has an internet connection. Standalone does require an installation to be made to the local PC and will therefore take longer to set up initially.



When using the WTS desktop, this will operate autonomously from the user's local desktop. Any processing in WTS is carried out on the IS server so should not impact on the speed of other applications running on the users local PC desktop.

A) Standalone WTS (Installation)

Using standalone WTS, all of the user's drives that can be accessed through their PC should be available in WTS. All of the users Printers should also be available through WTS.



The user is able to enter their username and password when setting up their standalone WTS session so that they can log straight into WTS without having to enter their details every time (NOTE: they must still enter their password to access BOP).

Select the following link, holding down CTRL, to log on to Staff WTS.

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/is/wts/standalone/

This will direct the user to the Information Support Division web pages. The user must choose the relevant operating system and then follow the on screen instructions. For help with installing standalone WTS please contact the IS Helpdesk, details of which can be found by selecting the link below whilst holding down CTRL.

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/is/helpdesk/

B) Web Based WTS

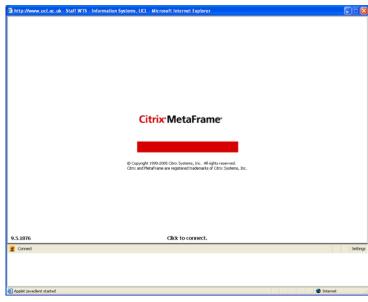
Select the following link, holding down CTRL, to log on to Staff WTS.

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/is/wts/web/

This will direct the user to the Information Support Division web pages. Click on the *Staff WTS* button.



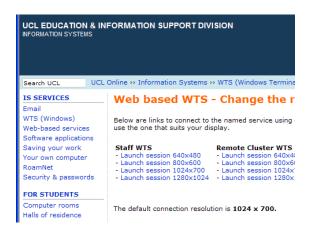
This will start to load the Staff WTS connection. The user needs to choose *Click to Connect* and the system will move into the Staff WTS environment.



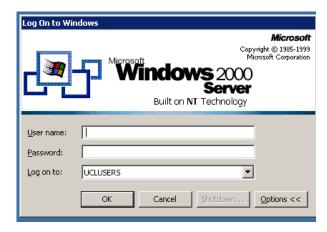
The default screen size for Web WTS is 1024 x 700. This screen size may be too small. If this is the case, the user can either use the standalone installation of WTS (See Part A). Alternatively, if the user has a 19inch monitor then they can select the following link, holding down CTRL

http://www.ucl.ac.uk/is/wts/web/resolution.htm#

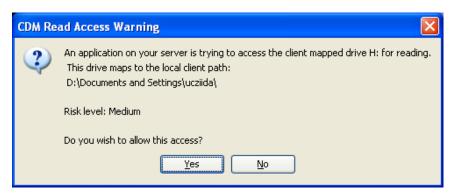
Choose 'Launch Session 1260 x 1024' (See below).



The user will then need to choose to log on to 'UCLUSERS' and enter their Information Systems username and password when prompted.

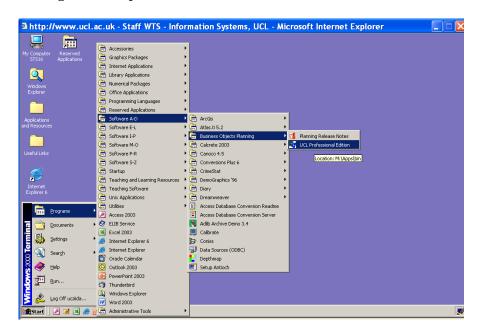


The following message will be displayed before the system logs the user on to Staff WTS. Select yes to proceed.



3.2. Logging on to BOP Within WTS

Once logged on to Staff WTS, start the Business Objects Planning software by choosing *Start>Program>Software A-D>Business Objects*Planning>UCL Professional Edition



The system will then prompt the user again for their Information Systems username and Password. (Note: This prompt may be hidden from view and appear to stall. If this is the case, click on the toolbar at the bottom of the screen and then click back on the WTS desktop. The login screen should appear.) Before entering their username and password, the user must make sure that the system selected is UCL Planning Live and that the Authentication Type is set to ADS Explicit (not Planning). When ADS Explicit is selected, the username is automatically populated and the cursor points to the password. The user must overwrite the pre-populated password with their Information Systems password.

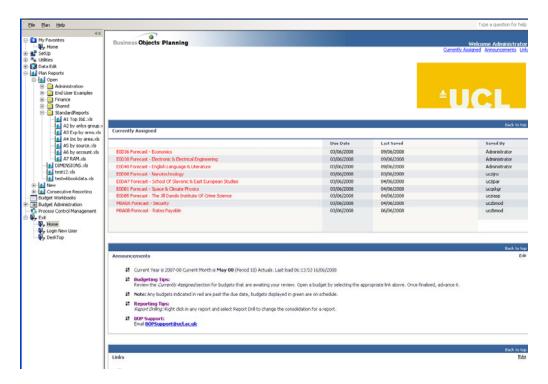


To disconnect from Staff WTS, select the *Disconnect* button.



4. The BOP Homepage

The BOP homepage should be similar to the screen below. The larger part of the screen is the BOP homepage. At the left of the homepage is the Treeview (see section 4.2 - Treeview). The BOP homepage is split into 3 sections. At the top is the 'Currently Assigned' section where there will be a list of workbooks for which the user is currently assigned as the owner. For more information about workbooks see section 5 – Opening a Workbook. In the centre of the BOP homepage there is an announcements section. This will contain the last time data was loaded from FIS and any useful hints or information. The section at the bottom of the BOP homepage holds a list of useful links, such as a link to the user manual.



4.1. Plan Toolbar

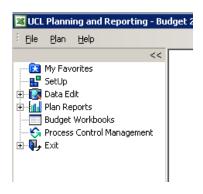
The Plan toolbar sits within the standard Microsoft toolbar. Everything that the user requires can be accessed through the Plan toolbar. The toolbar will change depending on the task that the user is doing within BOP. There is some functionality that will be duplicated within other menus on the toolbar, such as the save option. In all cases it is recommended that the Plan option is used as there



are some instances where the Plan option performs BOP specific actions not performed by the alternatives on the other menus.

4.2. Treeview

The Treeview offers a quick menu route to perform a number of key tasks. To select an item though the Treeview, drill though the levels in the Treeview to get to the action required. To activate that action, double click the select mouse button on that action. If the action is performed regularly, clicking the query mouse button on the action brings up a menu with the 'Add to favourites' option. Selecting this will move the action into the Favourites section at the top of the Treeview.





Selecting the double arrow <a><a> at the top right hand corner of the Treeview minimises the Treeview to allow more space for anything being displayed on the BOP homepage.

4.3. Exiting BOP

To log out, select from the Business Objects Planning toolbar *Plan>Exit>Desktop*.



(Alternatively, from the Treeview drill into *Exit* and double click the mouse button on the *Desktop* action).

4.4. Using Other Excel Files Whilst in Business Objects Planning

Whilst logged on to Business Objects Planning the user may find that clicking on other excel files (e.g. email attachments or from windows explorer) will open them into the BOP session. To overcome this problem the user should first open a separate excel session on their desktop in the normal way. When the user would like to open an excel file they should first make sure they have accessed the separate excel session on their desktop toolbar immediately before clicking the excel file to open. This will then open the file in the separate excel session. If BOP was the last session accessed then the excel file will automatically open there. To close a file

inadvertently opened in BOP click on the top right hand X of the worksheet area in the normal way. This will not be the case if the user is accessing BOP through WTS but is opening up excel files on their local desktop as both desktops operate autonomously.

5. Opening a Workbook

5.1. Opening Workbooks from the BOP Homepage

Budget workbooks can be opened from each users Home page. At the top of the home page there is a list of all workbooks that are currently at a stage where the logged in user is assigned as the owner. The list includes the name of the Workbook, the stage due date, the date last saved and by whom. The status of these workbooks is colour coded according to the following key.

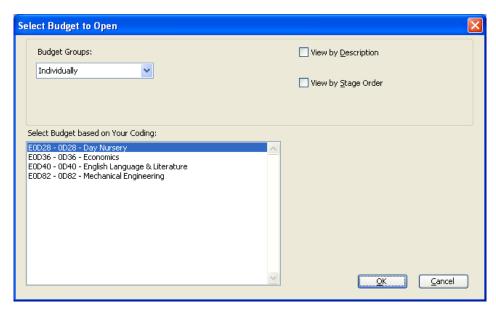
- Green The workbook is within the due date
- Red The workbook is past its due date for its current stage

Users can click on the workbook names to open a workbook directly.



5.2. Opening Workbooks from the Plan Menu

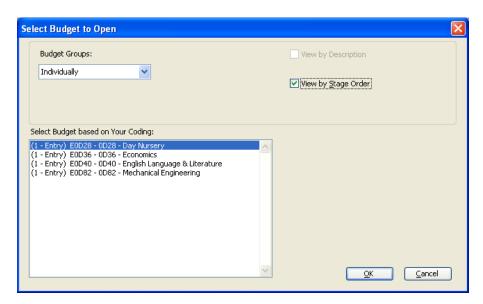
Workbooks can be opened through the Plan menu by choosing Plan>**Budget Workbooks**. NOTE: the term 'Budget Workbook' is a generic description in the database and has no relation to the standard process being performed (i.e. These workbooks may be Budget Workbook or Forecast Workbooks). A 'Budget to Open' dialog box similar to the following appears:



displayed will be only those workbooks that the user has access to. This includes read-only workbooks that have been advanced for review (see section 10.1- Advancing) and are no longer available for the user to amend. The table below shows how the list of workbooks can be sorted by selecting the relevant check box.

Options	Description
Default	The list appears sorted by the workbook code
View by Description	Sorts the list by workbook description
View by Stage Order	This option sorts the workbooks by the stage they are at (see
	section 10 - Process Control)

To open a particular workbook, double click on a Department name, or select the department name and click OK. Only one workbook may be opened at a time.



5.3. Opening Workbooks from the Treeview

Workbooks can also be opened through the Treeview by choosing **Budget Workbooks**. This will open up the same 'Budget to Open' dialog box discussed in section 5.2 – Opening Workbooks from the Plan Menu.

5.4. Exiting a Workbook

Before exiting the user should save the workbook if necessary (see section 9 – *Saving the workbook*). To exit from a workbook go to the Plan toolbar and choose *Plan>Exit>Home*. This returns the user back to the homepage. Alternatively, go to the Treeview on the left and choose *Exit>Home*.



Exit from a workbook using the in the top right hand corner of the workbook and the system remain attached to a 'Global Assumptions' worksheet. This worksheet, whilst hidden from view, holds essential data critical to formulae within the workbook and

cannot be shut down. The user must use the 'Home' action described above.



6. Workbook Navigation

6.1. Workbook worksheets

The standard reporting process will consist of a budget and four quarterly periods. The differences between a budget workbook and a forecast workbook are minor. Basically, during a budget process the user will be entering data into the next financial year using a budget workbook. In a Forecast workbook, the user will be updating forecasts for the remaining year that has not been superseded by actual data loaded form FIS.

Each workbook will have six worksheets. These sheets are summarised below:

Worksheet	Description
Summary	This worksheet gives an overview of all accounts. When the workbook is first opened, the summary sheet will be displayed.
Entry	This worksheet is where all of the adjustments are entered
Work Area	Two blank worksheets that operate as standard excel sheets. These can be used to carry out calculations before posting to the 'Entry' worksheet. All data entered into these work areas will be deleted once the process is complete.
Comments	This worksheet will allow users to enter comments that may be informative to the review and vice versa. Comments entered into this worksheet will be deleted once the process is complete.
Instructions	A brief description of how to update the templates. There is also a link to the workbook user manual should more detail be required.

6.2. Summary Worksheet Overview

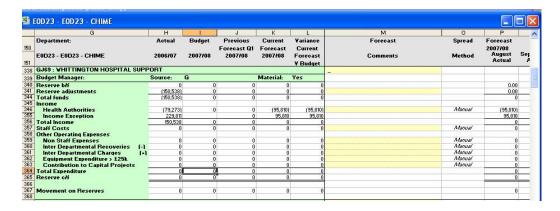
The summary worksheet provides an overview for all of the accounts within the workbook. The summary provides the detail of the Entry worksheet in a columnar view and is split into two sections. At the top there is a summary of the total activity by source. This allows users to review the accounts quickly to ensure that all data seems reasonable and to ensure that where necessary, any transfers return to zero (for more on this refer to section 7.5 - Validation).

Next there is a list of all of the accounts. These accounts are displayed by source and then by account order. Each Account name is a hyperlink that takes the user directly to the account within the Entry worksheet. An example of an account with a hyperlink is shown below. To activate the hyperlink simply click the select mouse button on the account title.

BCZK: OTHER SERVICES RENDERED O/H

6.3. Entry Worksheet Overview

The entry worksheet is the key worksheet in the workbook. Data entered into the Entry worksheet dictates what is posted back to the database.



When the worksheet is selected, the screen should be similar to the screenshot above showing data for each account within the Department/Division.

The rows will vary depending on the source code of the account:

- The 'Reserve b/f', 'Reserve posted' or the 'Reserve Adjustment's rows will not appear on source 0 or source A accounts.
- The 'Allocation' and 'Allocation Adjustment' rows will only appear on selected source 0 accounts and all accounts that are sources 1, 2, 3, B or 9.
- The income lines displayed will be dependent on the source code of the account. The following table shows how the income lines are mapped to the source codes. The first row shows a list of all available sources against which income may be posted. For each source, a '*' sign indicates the available income rows.

Income line/Source:	3	4	Α	Н	7	9	Р	G	F	8	5	6	X	W	Υ
Tuition Fees - Other Fees	*			*	*										
Research - Research Councils			*												
Research - UK Charities			*												
Research - UK Central Govt, local/heath auth			*												
Research - UK industry & commerce			*												
Research - EU government			*												
Research - EU other			*												
Research - Other overseas			*												
Research - Other sources			*												
Research - Release of deferred capital grants			*												
Other Services Rendered					*				*		*	*	*	*	*
Donations and Sundry Grants						*	*								
Residencies and Catering										*					
Health Authorities								*							
Other Income				*	*						*	*	*	*	*
Endowment Income		*													

 A final income line will be displayed (Income Exceptions) that captures all income already posted to the account within FIS against an income line that should not be available for the particular source of account. As a result, this row will be unavailable for posting forecasts against.

The entry template will be replicated for all of the accounts within the Department. The accounts will be grouped by Budget Manager, source code and then in alphabetical order.



To zoom in and out of the worksheet, hold CTRL and roll the mouse wheel forward and back.

6.4. Work Area

The work area consists of two blank worksheets that operate as standard excel sheets. These can be used to carry out calculations before posting to the 'Entry' worksheet. This will provide supporting data to assist other users when reviewing data. In the 'Entry' sheet, no links can be made to external workbooks. All data entered into these work areas will be deleted once the process is complete.

6.5. Comments

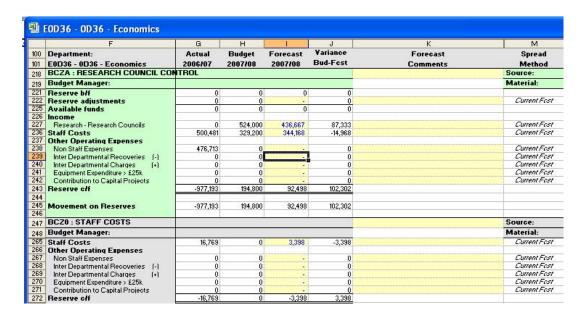
The comments sheet allows the user to input comments that are specific to the process. This is to assist communication between the reviewers and the submitters. All data entered into the comments worksheet will be deleted once the process is complete.

6.6. Materiality

The system draws out those accounts that are material to assist the user to initially focus on the accounts that have the largest impact upon the budget/forecast position. Materiality levels are set as the following:

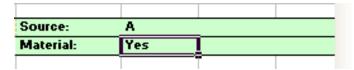
- Brought forward balance > £50k; or
- Allocation > £50k; or
- Annual Income > £20k; or
- Deficit balance > £5k

There is no Materiality criteria for expenditure as this should always be funded by one of the above.



The screen above shows a material account coloured green against a non material account coloured grey.

In the Entry worksheet, the account titles will be highlighted in green and the 'material' indicator on the account title will display the word "Yes" for all accounts that meet the criteria above.

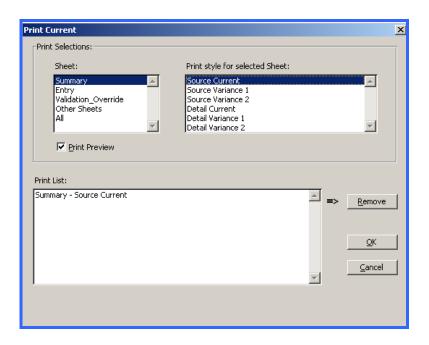


In the Summary worksheet, again the title of the account will be highlighted in green to show the material accounts.

	_				
133					
141	BCZE : Hefce Grant Income Control	0	0	0	
142	BCZF : Academic Tuition Fees	0	0	0	
143	BCZ0:STAFF COSTS	0	0	0	
144	BCZH: SHORT COURSES O/H CONTROL	0	0	0	
145	BCZJ: CONSULTANCY O/H VIA UCLI	0	0	0	
146	BCZK: OTHER SERVICES RENDERED O/H	0	0	0	
147	BCZL:ROYALTIES O/H	0	0	0	
148		0	0	0	
143		0	0	0	
150		0	0	0	
151	BCZR: THIRD PARTY O/H CONTROL	0	0	0	
152	BCZS: SALARIES RECOVERED FROM RESEARCH COUNCILS	0	0	0	
153	BCZT: RESEARCH COUNCILS O/H CONTROL	0	0	0	
154	BCZW: Tuition Fees Waived Other	0	0	0	
155	BCZX: PERMANENT STAFF	0	0	0	
157	Source 0		0	0	•
158					
160	BC01-DEPARTMENTAL BECLIBBENT	1	n	n	

6.7. Printing

To print a combination of sheets within the workbook, select Print Current from the Plan menu or the toolbar. A dialog similar to the following appears:

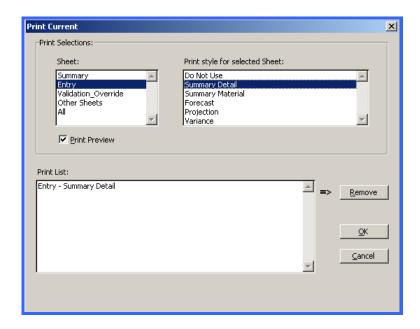


The sheets in the workbook are listed in the top left-hand window. To see the available print styles for that sheet, click on a sheet name. The available print styles for the selected sheet are listed in the top right-hand window. Select the print style required. The selected print style should populate the central window 'Print List'. The user should select the Print Preview check box if they wish to see the layout of the selected print style. Selecting *Ok* will print the Print Style.

For Summary worksheet, the styles can be displayed as current budget, variance 1 and variance 2. Variance 1 is the comparison between current and last year's budget. Variance 2 compares current budget and forecast. These variances will be different for forecast workbooks.

'Source' displays only the source totals for each of the above. 'Detail' will display all the accounts within each source. See Appendix A.

For the Entry Worksheet the Print Current appears as below:-



- Do Not Use this print style is used for internal workings.
- Summary Detail shows the details current actuals, last year's budget, current forecast, the current budget and the variance between current budget and forecasts.
- Summary Material this is the same as Summary Detail, but restricted to Material accounts.
- Forecast shows current budget by month and total.
- Projection displays the future 4 years annual projections.
- Variance compares the current budget and forecasts

See Appendix B for print layouts

7. Entering Data

7.1. Initial Data

When the workbook is created, it is populated by existing data held within Business Objects Planning at the time the workbook is created. The user will be expected to build upon this data to complete their Forecast. Data to be populated will be:

- The brought forward reserves will be the opening reserve on the account.
- Reserve posted will be historical movements made within the current year.
- The opening Allocation will initially be an allocation made by Finance/Faculty, but during the year this will include movements.

- Historical data from the previous Financial year.
- Actual activity for the months closed on FIS.
- Salary forecast information on salary accounts from the Finance staff forecasting system
- Future Projections will in most cases be entered by the user, unless the data is under Finance control. When a new year is added to the future projections this will be based on the previous year plus a percentage. The user will be informed when new year data is added. NOTE: The Future Projections do not have any validation rules applied (see section 7.5).

7.2. Updating Data

The workbooks are designed so that only certain areas are designated as input cells. The input cells are highlighted in yellow to indicate the cells that can be amended by the user. All other cells should be protected to ensure that any data saved to the database is input into the strictly controlled fields. Also, before saving any data to the database the system will verify and validate the data to ensure that it is acceptable to the database.



There are some cells greyed out as they should not be entered into. However, some of these are not lockable. If the user enters data into these cells they will on save to the database and will not form part of the workbook calculations.

Income and Expenditure

When preparing the budget the user will be required to update the position for all twelve months. All twelve months will be exported into FIS as the Initial Budget once the workbook has financial approval (see section 14.2 – Budgets Posted to FIS). When preparing a forecast the remaining monthly cells are opened up for user input. The future projections will be exported to FIS as a Forecast update once the workbook has financial approval (see section 14.3 – Forecasts Posted to FIS).

Data should be entered to the nearest pound. A formula can be entered to link the Forecast to the work area, but cannot be linked to another workbook or external source. Both Income and Expenditure should be entered as positive figures. When entering 'Inter Departmental Recoveries', these must be entered as negative. Only relevant income lines will be displayed for an account, depending on its source code.

The user may also update the Spread Method for Income and Expenditure (see section 7.3 - Standard Planning Methodologies) and any comments (see section 7.4 - Comments).

Reserves and Allocations

Reserve and allocations will only be displayed if they are relevant for the source of the account. If users wish to make a reserve or allocation adjustment they must update the current month on the relevant adjustment line. To increase funds the adjustment must be positive. Once the workbook has received final approval the adjustments will be loaded against Total Funds in FIS (see section 14.1 – Allocation and Reserve Adjustments Posted to FIS)

If an adjustment is required to an account outside of the workbook (e.g. another department) then the user must request the allocation be made by FMAs using the 'Allocation and Reserve Adjustments Workbook' (see section 13 - *Allocation and Reserve Adjustments*). These adjustments will automatically be loaded into the 'Entry workbook' once they have been approved and processed.

The user may update any comments (see section 7.4 - Comments).



All cells are protected against entry except where entry is expected. To minimise errors, data should be entered directly into the cell. However, if the user drags an entry cell over the top of another entry cell or cuts and pastes an entry cell, the system will allow it but when saving will give the following error message.



If this occurs, contact the Administrator immediately



Format of Data Entry

To give an allocation – positive

To increase an allocation – positive

To decrease an allocation – negative

To increase a reserve – positive

To decrease a reserve - negative

To increase income – positive

To increase expenditure (except IDRs) – positive

To increase an Inter Departmental Recovery (IDR) - negative

7.3. Standard Planning Methodologies (SPMs)

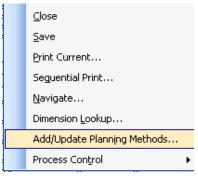
A Standard Planning Methodology defines the way in which a yearly total can be spread across the year. It allows the spreading of forecasts to be carried out very quickly. It offers ensures a controlled method of updating a row so that all formulae are valid and the structure and security of the workbook is maintained. The following are the available Standard Planning Methodologies:

SPM	Description
Manual	Each month will become highlighted in yellow and will be
	available for individual input, with the exception of those
	months populated with actual activity (see example below)
Even	The system will spread the annual total (less actual months)
	evenly across the remaining months
Previous FY	The system will spread the annual total (less actual months)
	on the basis of the previous financial year
Previous 12 months	The system will spread the annual total (less actual months)
	on the basis of the previous 12 months
Current Forecast	The system will spread the annual total (less actual months),
	based on the last forecast submitted, across the remaining
	months. This will default to Even if there is no data in the last
	forecast.

The default SPM is Current Forecast when preparing a budget and Manual when preparing a forecast. To change an SPM, perform the following steps:

- 1. Right click on the row that needs to be changed
- 2. Choose *ADD/Update Planning Method* from the plan menu

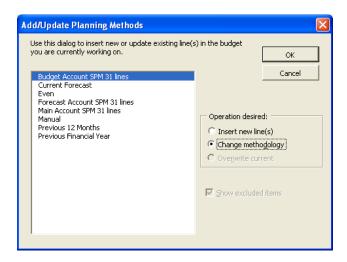
The add/Update Planning Methods box appears



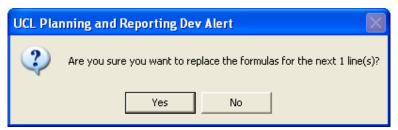
- 3. Select the methodology to change the line to.
- 4. *Change Methodology* should be selected The 'overwrite current' operation should be greyed out.



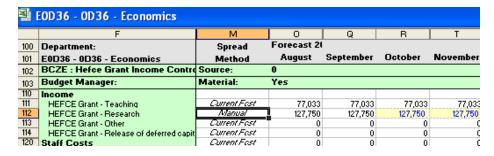
The 'Option Desired' defaults to 'Insert new line(s)'. If this is selected, the system will pause to assess the request, but will do nothing.



- 5. Click the *OK* button.
- 6. The following prompt will appear, indicating the workbook will replace existing formulae on the selected row.



7. Choose the *Yes* button. The line is updated using the methodologies of the new SPM selected.

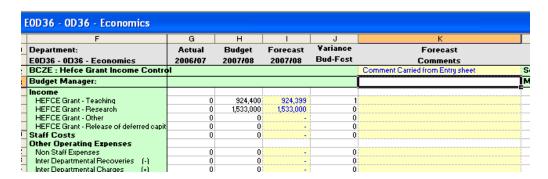


No amendments can be made to the actual data. In the example above, the actual values have been loaded into August and September, hence the reason these cells remain unavailable for entry when the 'manual' SPM is selected.

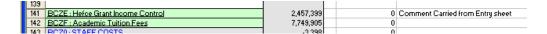
7.4. Comments

There are two comment fields. There is a comment field for all lines within the account template and one for a general account comment. Certain comment lines within the template are mandatory, e.g. reserve adjustments. Comments are limited to a maximum of 100 Characters. This account is retained for the following process and is also saved to FIS (see section 14.4 – Comments Posted to FIS).

The general account comment is entered in the title bar of the account as shown in the following screenshot.



When an account comment is entered, it is automatically carried through to the summary worksheet to assist in reviewing the accounts. This account is retained for the following process but is not saved to FIS.



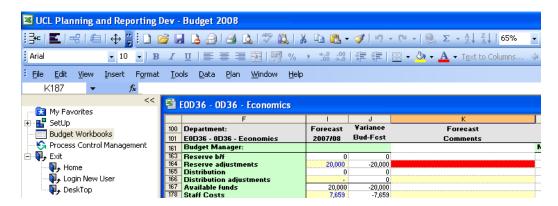
For adding comments against the whole workbook, see Stage comments within Process Control (section 10.1 - Advancing).

7.5. Validation

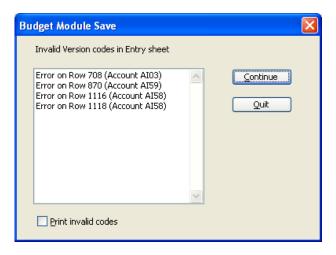
There are many validation rules in the worksheet. Where possible, the system attempts to highlight to a user that an entry is incomplete by highlighting the cell red. For example, if a user enters a 'reserve adjustment', a 'comment' must be entered. The comment cell is highlighted red until the comment has been added.



The future year projections do not have any validation rules applied to them.



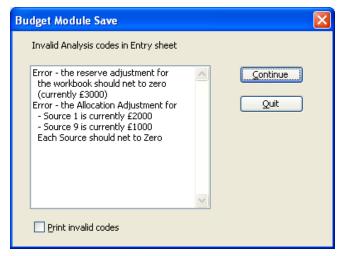
Some validation rules are cell specific and some are workbook validation rules. When the workbook is saved (see section $9 - Saving \ a \ workbook$), if there is a cell specific validation error, an error message will be produced that directs the user to the row of the cell that is causing the problem and gives a brief summary of what the error is. The list of errors can be printed if necessary by selecting the *Print* checkbox and choosing *Continue*. This will print the error message in full.



Here is a list of the cell specific validation rules:

- All 'reserve adjustments' require a comment to be added
- All 'allocation adjustments' require a comment to be added
- All entries to 'Equipment Expenditure > £25k' require a comment
- All entries to 'Contribution to Capital Projects' require a comment
- If an account in surplus goes into deficit, or an account in deficit goes into a larger deficit position, this will produce an error.

When the workbook is saved (see section 9 – Saving a Workbook), if there is a workbook validation error, an error message will be produced. The error message will describe the problem.



Here is a full list of the workbook validation rules:

- The allocation adjustments must have a net total of '0' by source within each Department/Division.
- The reserve adjustments must have a net total of '0' by source within each Department/Division.

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All validation errors should be fixed before a workbook can receive final approval. However, the workbook can still be saved with the validation errors. (For more about saving see section 9.2 – Saving an Incomplete Workbook). On the summary sheet all accounts with a validation error have the source field highlighted in red. The summary sheet also highlights in red the workbook validation errors.

In exceptional circumstances, Faculties can agree with Finance to approve accounts where there is a validation error caused by the adverse movement on reserves pushing the reserve carried forward position into a negative.

8. Adding a New Account

8.1. The Process

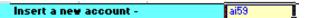
Before the Budget/Forecast process has commenced, it is recommended that users set up all new accounts that they will require in advance. These will then appear in the workbook from the start. However, if a new account is required within the current process and has been set up in FIS, there is a facility to bring this account into the workbook. Before doing this, the user must email the BOP Administration team at BOPSupport@ucl.ac.uk so that they can assign the new accounts to the workbook.



New accounts must be entered into FIS first. There is no facility to update BOP with new accounts that are not created in FIS.

8.2. Adding an Account to the Entry Worksheet

All new accounts in the Entry worksheet must be added to the bottom. They will remain at the bottom for the remainder of the process. When a new standard process is commenced these new accounts will form part of the standard workbook structure. To add an account there is a blue bar at the bottom containing the words 'Insert a new account'.



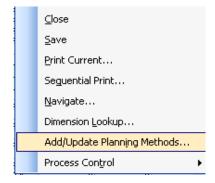
At the right hand side of this bar there is a yellow box. The new account code must be entered into this box. The system will only accept a legitimate account. It will not add an account if it results in the account being duplicated in the workbook and will inform the user if this occurs. If an account is a legitimate account and is not already present in the worksheet, it will only add the account if it has been attached to the workbook by the Administration team. If it has not the following message will be displayed 'Account is not mapped to workbook. Please contact your administrator'. Once the user has contacted the BOP Administration team at BOPSupport@ucl.ac.uk and been advised that the account has been attached to the workbook, the user is free to add the account.



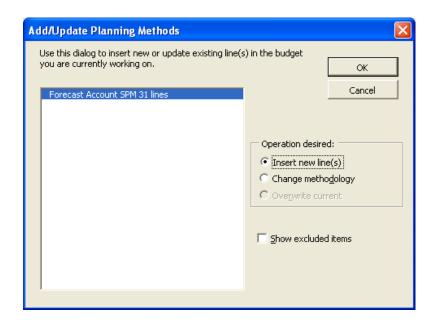
All accounts must be created in FIS first. Once an account is created in FIS, it will not be loaded into BOP until the following day. The account must be in BOP before it can be mapped to a workbook.

- Select the 'insert a new account' row indicated in blue at the bottom of the entry worksheet.
- 2. Choose *ADD/Update Planning Method* from the plan menu.

The add/Update Planning Methods box appears.



- 3. There will only be a single methodology to choose from.budget account or forecast account depending on which process the user is doing.
- 4. *Insert new line(s)* should be selected The 'overwrite current' operation should be greyed out.





If 'Change Methodology' is selected the system will display an error message indicating that the selected methodology does not have the correct number of lines. It will not allow for the row to be changed.

- 5. Click the *OK* button. The new account should then be added
- 6. A prompt should be displayed stating that the new account has been added and that the user

needs to press the 'Refresh View' button. This should update both the entry and summary worksheets with the

Refresh View

summary worksheets with the new account.

Once an account has been added the user may use the account in the same way as all other accounts in the workbook. All new accounts have the word 'NEW' displayed in the account title.



If the user attempts to add an account that is not available or is a duplicate, the following message will appear.



8.3. Adding an Account to the Summary Worksheet

When an account has been added the Summary should be updated when the 'Refresh View' button is selected on the 'Entry' worksheet. However, it will not show

Refresh View

the accounts individually. They will be grouped together depending on their source. The new line will appear within the relevant source on the summary sheet.

156	AIZW: Tuitian Feer Waived Other	0	0	0	
157	AIZX: PERMANENT STAFF	0	0	0	
159	Source 0		0	0	
160					
162	AI01: RECURRENT GRANT	1	24,671	(2,000)	
163	A102: Widening Participation	1	0	8,688	
164	A103: Burrarier for Research Students	1	0	0	
165	A104: New Furnishings	1	2,817	0	
166	AIO5: Departmental Coordinator for Teachina & Learnin	1	2,363	0	
167	AI06: European Cultural Studier Programme	1	185	2,500	
168	AI26: STAFF COMPUTER REPLACEMENT	1	2,687	0	
169	AIS4: Recruitment Research Students	1	2,521	0	
170	New Source 1 Accounts	1	0	0	
171	Source 1		35,242	9,188	

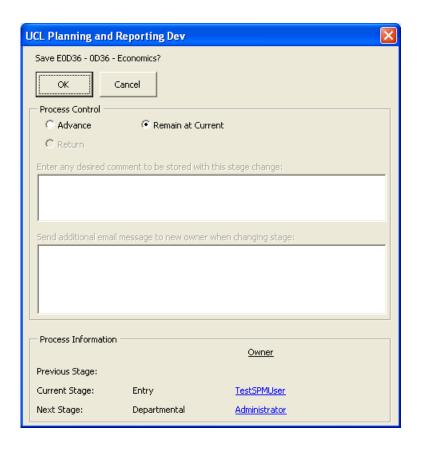
This line will not contain hyperlinks to the relevant accounts and will not turn red if there are errors on the new accounts. It is simply a means of ensuring that the overall position is captured within the summary. When a new standard process is commenced these new accounts will form part of the standard workbook structure.

9. Saving a Workbook

9.1. Saving a Complete Workbook

A workbook will only receive final approval if there are no validation errors, (see section 7.5 - *Validation*),. However, in exceptional circumstances, Faculties can agree with Finance to approve accounts where there is a validation error caused by the adverse movement on reserves pushing the reserve carried forward position into a negative. If the workbook is incomplete it will still save and can be re-opened at the same point for completion at a later date.

Choosing *Save* from the Plan menu executes a series of processes that verifies and validates the information that is being saved back to the database. After performing these checks, the following 'change stage' dialog will appear. (For more on changing the stage see section 10.1 - *Advancing*).



Choose the *Remain at Current* option and then *OK*. The workbook will remain assigned to the user. The updated data in the workbook is sent to the database and the workbook is saved. The user should keep in mind that if they select Advance or Return and they are not the owner of the next stage, the workbook will convert to read only after the save is completed (see section 10.2 - Returning the workbook for more information about returning the workbook to its original stage).



The Excel save functionality (the top circle in red on the picture to the



right) operates in a different way to the plan save (the darker save icon circled in green). The excel icon will save the workbook but will not carry out any validation checks or perform the save to database function. It is recommended to avoid the Excel save function. The user should always expect to see the 'Change stage' dialog box as an indicator that the correct save function has been chosen.

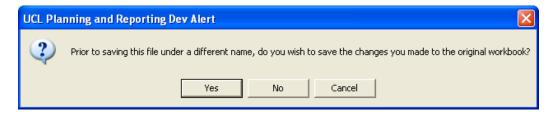
9.2. Saving an Incomplete Workbook

At any point the workbook can be saved, even if there are validation errors. Whilst the workbook cannot receive final approval, it will allow the workbook to be closed and reopened at the point of the last save. It is good

practice to save the workbook regularly. To save the workbook see section 9.1 – Saving a Complete Workbook.

9.3. Save the Workbook to Your Directory

In order to take the workbook offline, the workbook can be saved to the uesr's directory. To save to file, select from the Plan toolbar *File>Save as*. Before doing this a prompt will appear asking the user if they need to save any changes made to the data in the workbook.



To keep workbook changes to that point select *Yes*. The user must then select the directory to save the workbook to. Please be aware that once the system saves the file it will return to the Original workbook. The saved file does not retain the Plan functionality and is completely independent of BOP. As a result, any changes made to the workbook copy must be rekeyed into the original workbook in order to save to the database.



10. Process Control

Process Control allows multiple planning stages to be defined, with an owner assigned to each stage.

The following stages are built into Business Object Planning:

- Entry
- Departmental Approval
- Faculty Approval
- Finance Approval

In some instances, not all of these stages will be applicable.

As each owner completes his or her stage, the budget workbook is passed forward to the next stage owner, or back to the previous owner if necessary. Dates are associated with each stage to indicate whether workbooks remaining in that stage are past due.

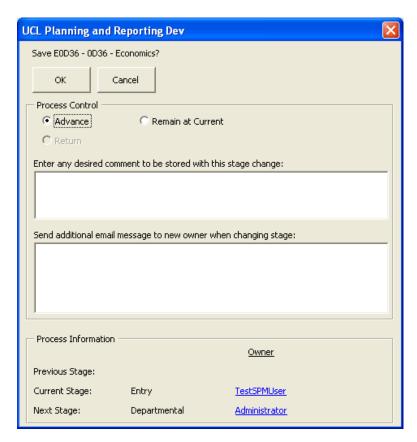
10.1. Advancing

When a workbook is ready to be passed on to the next level for approval it must be advanced. Once advanced, the user is no longer the owner of the stage that the workbook is being moved to. Once advance is selected, the workbook will still be visible but is read-only.



Generally a workbook should not be advanced with validation errors.

To advance the workbook, save the workbook. When a complete workbook is saved, the following dialog appears.



If the user selects *Advance*, the Save dialog allows the user to do the following (these options are greyed out if remain at current is selected):

• Enter Stage Comments

Any comments entered here are saved in the workbook's stage history log (see section 10.3 – Workbook History Log). This allows the history of comments to be reviewed by future users.

Email New Owner

If desired, the user can enter a message to be emailed to the new stage owner. Note that this email is in addition to an email that is automatically generated when the workbook is advanced. The following message will be displayed to confirm to users that the workbook has been advanced and they are no longer the owner.



10.2. Returning a Workbook

Once the user has advanced a workbook, they no longer control the current stage of the workbook and therefore have no control of the workbook. If the user needs to make a change to the workbook they must request that it be returned by the current owner of the workbook

If the current owner of a workbook wishes to return it to its previous owner then they should choose *Process Control>Change Stage* from the plan menu. The change stage dialog appears.



If the user selects Return, the Change Stage dialog allows the user to do the following:

• Enter Stage Comments

Any comments entered here are saved in the workbook's stage history log.

• Email New Owner

If desired, the user can enter a message to be emailed to the new stage owner. Note that this email is in addition to an email that is automatically generated when the workbook is advanced, but allows the user to highlight key areas within the workbook.

10.3. Workbook History Log

While in a workbook, selecting *Process Control>Show History* from the Plan menu displays the history log of the current workbook, including:

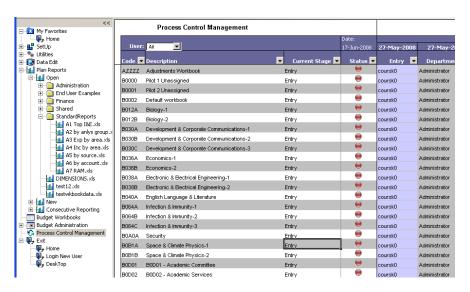
- Date, time and user who performs the stage change
- Previous and current stage when the change was performed
- User comments related to the stage change
- The Business Objects Planning process used for the stage change

The Show History log only records this information when a workbook's stage is changed – it does not keep a log of every save performed.



10.4. Process Control Manager

Select *Plan>Process Control Management* to pull up a spreadsheet showing all workbooks. The Process Control Manager allows users to track the progress of any workbooks. By selecting there IS user ID in the top left they can filter the list for all workbooks where they form part of the workflow. They can then filter this further by the stage within the workflow or to review which workbooks are late.



11. Administration

11.1. Advance Override

There is a facility, if required, where a workbook can be pushed on to the next stage by the Administration team. This may be useful if a workbook has been largely completed, but the current stage owner is unable to advance, perhaps due to absence. For assistance with this, please contact BOP support on the following email address BOPSupport@ucl.ac.uk.

11.2. Changing Ownership

There is a facility, if required, where a workbook owner can be changed by the Administration team. If a workbook has not been reviewed, perhaps as the result of absence, this will need to be passed to another user to complete. For assistance with this, please contact BOP support on the following email address BOPSupport@ucl.ac.uk.

11.3. Rebuilding a Workbook

All workbooks have strict protection applied to ensure that any updates made are in cells that are intended to be used for saving back to the database. Also, the save to database function runs though a number of verification and validation checks to ensure that the format of the data being loaded is acceptable to the database. Whilst this should ensure that workbooks are not damaged and that no corrupted data is loaded into the database, should a workbook become damaged or the user suspects that the data loaded to the database was invalid, the user will need to contact the Administrator at the BOPSupport@ucl.ac.uk email address. The Administrator will be able to rebuild the workbook from scratch if necessary. However, it should be noted that this may result in loss of data entered prior to the workbook becoming damaged. For this reason it is recommended that the budget workbook is saved frequently.

12. In Year Adjustment Workbook (IYA Workbook)

12.1. The Purpose of the IYA Workbook

The IYA workbook allows users to make forecast updates, reserve adjustments and allocation adjustments outside of the controlled budget/forecast period. When the user has made updates, they will be advanced for approval. Once approval has been made, the updates and movements will be written to the latest forecast in BOP and will be saved to FIS (see section 14.1 – Allocation and Reserve Adjustments Posted to FIS). The workbooks will then be rebuilt and returned to the user as a blank template ready for further updates and movements as necessary. Each month following FIS closure the workbook will be rebuilt automatically to be updated with the latest information from FIS. All workbooks must be

approved before this date. Users will be issued deadlines to complete the approval process by Finance.

12.2. The Layout of the IYA Workbook

The look of the IYA workbook is very similar to the Entry workbook and has very similar functionality, with a few subtle differences. The table below shows a list of the main actions and whether they apply to the Entry workbook or the IYA workbook.

Action	IYA Workbook
Validation (section 7.5)	Yes – slight change – see section 12.4
Advancing (section 10.1)	Yes – same process
SPMs (Section 7.3)	Not used
Printing (Section 6.6)	Yes – same process
Comments (Section 7.4)	Yes – same process
Materiality (Section 6.5)	Not used

When the workbook is first opened, the user is presented with two blank accounts. The main columns show the current forecast, a forecast adjustment to be updated by the user and the final forecast incorporating the adjustment.

Department:	Actual	Original Forecast	Forecast Adjustment	Forecast Adjusted			
N/A - Description	2006/07	2007/08	2007/08	2007/08			
#N/A	Account is invalid						
*N/A	Source:	#N/A	Material:	No			
Reserve blf	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Reserve adjustments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Allocation	0	0	0	(
Allocation adjustments	0	0	0	ſ			

12.3. Updating the IYA Workbook

Within the title bar there is a yellow entry box (shown in the above example). The user must enter here the account they would like to update. If the user enters an invalid account, the box will turn red to inform the user. Once entered, click on the *refresh view* button at the top left of the workbook to update the workbook with the chosen account.

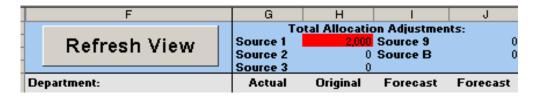


Once the button is clicked, the account should be ready for updating. The workbook should have updated the account with the latest forecast from the system and the actual data loaded from FIS up to the current month. Users

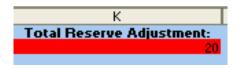
can now update the forecast as desired by entering data into the relevant months.

12.4. IYA Validation

The validation rules for the IYA workbook are the same as those for the Entry workbook (for the rules see section 7.5 - *Validation*). At the top of the workbook there is a blue shaded section that is equivalent to the 'Entry' workbook summary sheet. The first section shows the summary of the allocation adjustments for each source. The sources will highlight red if each source in the workbook does not net to zero.



The second section shows the summary of reserve adjustments within the workbook. The total reserve adjustment for the workbook must net to zero. If not, the reserve adjustment will show red.



12.5. IYA New Accounts

Inserting new accounts is exactly the same process as that of the Entry workbook (see section 8.2 – Adding an Account to the Entry Worksheet) except that the account code is entered after the new lines have been inserted.

13. Allocation and Reserve (AR) Workbooks

13.1 The Purpose of AR Workbooks

Allocation and Reserve Adjustment (AR) workbooks are used to make reserve and allocation adjustments between accounts that are not in the same forecast workbook.

When the user has made updates, they will be advanced for approval. Once approval has been made, the updates and movements will be written to the latest forecast in BOP and will be saved to FIS. All active workbooks in the system will be updated automatically.

The AR workbook will then be rebuilt and returned to the user as a blank template ready for further adjustments as necessary.



In the top left corner of the ARAdjust worksheet there is a journal number, which is made up from the workbook name and the journal submission. The journal submission will increment once the previous journal submission has been posted to FIS. This will

be unique to each journal and will show as the journal description in FIS.

13.2 Opening an AR workbook

AR Workbooks can be opened from your BOP home page by selecting the workbook with the name format "D*** - Faculty/Division Name".

E.g. The AR workbook for the Finance Division would be "D0012 – Finance Division"

13.3 AR Workbook worksheets

Each AR workbook will have two worksheets. These sheets are summarised below:

Worksheet	Description
ARAdjust	This worksheet is where the adjustments are made. When the
	workbook is first opened, the ARAdjust sheet will be displayed.
ARProcessed	This worksheet is where all of the previously approved
	adjustments are recorded.

13.4 ARAdjust Worksheet Overview

The ARAdjust worksheet is the data entry worksheet in the workbook.

Journal : D0001_2	2		Total F	Reserve Adjus	stment:			Tot	al Allocation Ac	
				0.00			Source:1 Source:2 Source:3	0.00 Source:9 0.00 Source:B 0.00		
¥orkbook: D0001	Account		Available	Reserve	Remaining	Reserve	Available	Allocation	Remaining	
Account Description	Code	Department	Reserves	Adjustment	Reserves	Comment	Allocation	Adj	Allocation	
		-	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	
			0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	

Data entered into the ARAdjust worksheet represents the adjustments the user wants to make and is what is posted back to the database.

When the workbook is first opened, the user is presented with a number of blank rows. When updated with the desired accounts, the workbook will display account descriptions, source codes, current available reserves/allocations and the remaining allocation/reserves that will be left for each account after the workbook is processed.

The contents of the columns will vary based upon the account entered.

13.5 ARProcessed Worksheet Overview

The ARProcessed worksheet keeps individual records of all previously posted Allocation and Reserve adjustments made using the active workbook.

The ARProcessed worksheet shows details of each adjustment such as the account, source, date and amount of the adjustment.

13.6 Updating the AR Workbook

laurmal - Doood - O	00	-							
Journal : D0001_2	.2			Total I	Reserve Adjus	stment:			Tota
					0.00			Source:1 Source:2 Source:3	0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00
¥orkbook: D0001	Account			Available	Reserve	Remaining	Reserve	Available	Allocation
Account Description	Code	Source		Reserves	Adjustment	Reserves	Comment	Allocation	Adj
RECURRENT GRANT	AI01	1	French	28,103.35			trf to Al04	0.00	0.00
New Furnishings	AI04	1	French	10,017.13		13,017.13	trf from Al01	0.00	0.00
				0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
				0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
				0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
				0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
				0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
		1		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
				0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
			·	0.00					0.00

Within the column named "Account Code" there are a number of yellow entry boxes (shown in the above example). Here the user must enter the accounts they would like to make adjustments to.

Once it is entered, the account should be ready for making adjustments. The workbook should have updated the columns with the latest information from the system, including the total allocations and reserves up to the last closed month in FIS.

13.7 Validation

There are two types of validation rule; Validation that relates to each row entered (the account) and validation that relates to the whole workbook (journal).

Account (Row) validation

Invalid Account - If the user enters an invalid account, a closed account or an account outside the division/faculty of the workbook, the box will turn red to inform them that it is incorrect and the reason will be specified in the Account description column.

Invalid Source - If a reserve adjustment is attempted from any account which does not allow reserve adjustments, the 'Source' box will turn red (as shown below):



If an allocation adjustment is attempted from any account which does not allow allocation adjustments, the 'Source' box will turn red.

Comments – any reserve or allocation adjustments must have a comment. This will be the journal line description in FIS.

Allocation Deficit – any allocation adjustment made must not result in the account having an allocation deficit (if so, the "Remaining Allocation" box will flag red).

	_								
	Journal : D0001_22					Tot	al Allocation	Adjustments:	
					Source:1 Source:2 Source:3		Source:9 Source:B		0.00 0.00
	¥orkbook: D0001	Account			Available	Allocation	Remaining	Allocatio	on Forec
	Account Description	Code	Source	Department	Allocation	Adj	Allocation	Commer	nt Bai
	RECURRENT GRANT	AI01	1	French	0.00	(1,000.00)	(1,000.00)	trf to AO01	
	RECURRENT GRANT	Ao01	1	History	1,555.55	1,000.00	2,555.55	trf from Al01	
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
1					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
•					0.00	0.00	0.00		
П					0.00	0.00	0.00		

Workbook (Journal) Validation

The journal validation rules for the AR workbook are similar as those for the Entry workbook. At the top of the workbook there is a blue shaded section that presents a summary of the valid adjustments in the workbook, split into allocations and reserves (Allocations are split further by source).

The first section shows the summary of the adjustments for reserves, and the second, a summary (by source) of the adjustments for allocations.

The "Total Reserve Adjustments" box will highlight red if the valid reserve adjustments in the workbook do not net to zero.

In the "*Total Allocation Adjustments*" section, each "Source:" box will highlight red if the valid allocation adjustments in the workbook do not net to zero within each source.

If any part of a row is invalid (if is contains a validation error), then it will not be included as part of the calculation of workbook adjustments until it is rectified.

	Journal : D0001_22	·	, <u></u>			- Tot	al Allocation	Adjustments:	
					Source:1 Source:2 Source:3		Source:9 Source:B		0.00 0.00
Ţ	Vorkbook: D0001	Account			Available	Allocation	Remaining	Allocation	Foreca
ī	Account Description	Code	Source	Department	Allocation	Adj	Allocation	Comment	Bala
	RECURRENT GRANT	AI01	1	French	0.00	(1,000.00)	(1,000.00)	trf to AO01	
	RECURRENT GRANT	Ao01	1	History	1,555.55	1,000.00	2,555.55	trf from Al01	
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00	0.00	0.00		
					0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		

In the above example, we can see how allocation adjustments do not net to zero due to one of the accounts having an 'allocation deficit'. Until the problem on this row is fixed, the workbook does not consider it as a completed journal row.

Validation Summary -	The following	g are reasons why	particular bo	xes will flag red:

Allocation Deficit	Allocation posted is larger than the available
	allocation
Account	Account is invalid, closed or outside workbook
	permissions (specified in the Account description
	column)
Source	The adjustment is not permitted on accounts with this
	source
All Source Summary Boxes	The specified source does not net to 0
Total Allocation/Reserve	The total allocation/reserve does not net to zero
Comment	A valid comment has not been entered



If your AR workbook is set at the Divisional level, you will only be able to make adjustments between accounts within the same division. Adjustments between divisions will require a workbook which is set at Faculty level. Adjustments between faculties must be performed by Planning and Management Accounts.



Format of Data Entry

To move an allocation TO an account – positive To move an allocation FROM an account – negative To move a reserve TO an account – positive To move a reserve FROM an account – negative

13.8 Processing Adjustments



As with all other BOP workbooks, adjustments made in AR workbooks must be saved and advanced in order to be approved and passed into FIS.

If there are any outstanding validation errors or red boxes within the workbook, any changes you make will not be processed into FIS.

It is recommended that any adjustments across Departments be completed before the Forecasting process begins. NOTE: If the adjustments are within the Department then the user will be able to process these themselves using the In Year Adjustment workbook (see section 12 - In Year Adjustment Workbook).

Once the adjustment has been processed it will be loaded into FIS as a movement of funds (see section 15.1 - Allocation and Reserve Adjustments Posted to FIS). The following day this will appear in any active workbooks that the user has (Entry workbooks during a quarterly process or the IYA workbooks outside of this).

14. Transfers to FIS

All data entered into BOP will be forwarded to FIS.

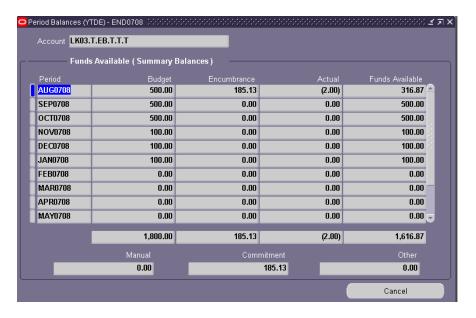
14.1. Allocation and Reserve Adjustments Posted to FIS

Allocation and Reserve adjustments are replacing what was formerly known as a budget journal. This data will impact upon the funds available in FIS by adjusting the College Budget field (to be renamed Total Funds). These adjustments can be entered using three different workbooks.

For allocation and reserve adjustments that span Departments/Faculties there is the 'Allocations and Reserves Workbook' that is submitted by FMAs. Once these workbooks are approved, the data is posted to FIS that evening.

For allocation and reserve adjustments outside of the formal Budget/Forecasting process there is the IYA workbook (see section 12 - In *Year Adjustments Workbook*), which allows Departments to move funds within the Department. Once these workbooks are approved, the data is posted to FIS that evening.

During the formal Budget/Forecasting process, Allocation and Reserve adjustments are entered as a net position while the budget/forecast is being built. Once these workbooks are financially approved, the data is posted to FIS. The formal Budget/Forecasting process is built around a timetable and may take up to three weeks before the data receives financial approval.



14.2. Budgets Posted to FIS

Once the main Budget has been approved as set, it will be posted to FIS. The area in FIS where the budget is to be posted will be communicated separately to this document. The budget in FIS will consist of only Income and Expenditure.

14.3. Forecasts Posted to FIS

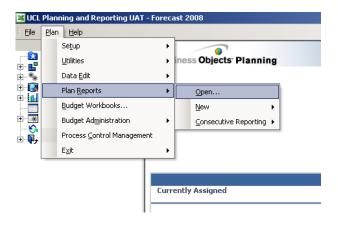
Once the Forecast has been updated it will be posted to FIS. The area in FIS where the forecast is to be posted will be communicated separately to this document. For forecast adjustments outside of the formal Budget/Forecasting process there is the IYA workbook (see section 12 - In *Year Adjustments Workbook*). Once these workbooks are approved, the data is posted to FIS that evening. During the formal Budget/Forecasting process, forecast adjustments are entered to FIS as a net position once these workbooks are financially approved. The formal Forecasting process is built around a timetable and may take up to three weeks before the data receives financial approval.

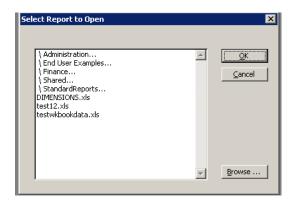
14.4. Comments Posted to FIS

For each workbook it is important to understand which comments are sent to FIS. For the Entry and In Year Adjustment workbooks the comment held against the account is not sent to FIS. This represents an overview comment against the account in BOP. Each individual line comment against each account type will be posted back to FIS as a journal line description. For each line item a net position will be posted back to FIS, i.e. a sum of individual entries. For the allocation and reserves workbook an individual journal with it's comment will be sent to FIS for each entry.

15. Reports

To open a report, choose *Plan>Plan Reports>Open*. The following dialog will open. Open the desired directory and double click the select mouse button on the required report.





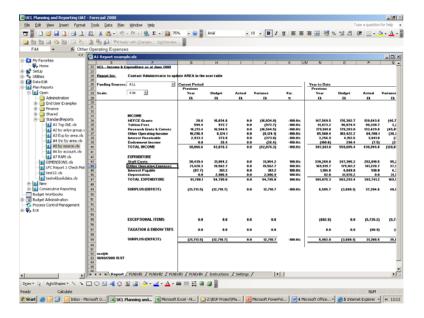
Alternatively select *Plan_Reports>Open* from the Treeview. Open the desired directory and double click the select mouse button on the required report.

A number of standard reports are available within BOP. Additional reports will be developed over the coming months.

The current standard reports are held in the "\ SharedReports" directory. Double click on the directory name to see the list of reports.



To view a report, double click on the report to open. The reports are displayed in BOP in the same way as a Forecast workbook.



Populating the Report with data – When the report first opens it will be populated with zeros. Once the report has opened, press F9 (or through the planning toolbar use **>Plan>Prepare Current**) to query the database. The report will only allow the user to see information within their Faculty/Division/Department.

Select Report options - Within some of the reports, there are drop down boxes to focus on different sources or to change the data being viewed. When an option is selected the report will automatically be updated.

e.g. Funding source (All, Core Operational, Research, Other services rendered, Other activity) or Scale (to show the financial values in millions, thousands or pounds)

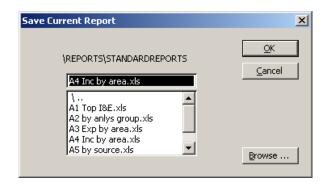
Drill down - The reports have a drill down functionality enabled that allows the user to see the underlying data behind a figure in the report. To do this, double click on the data to see the next level of detail behind it. Each time you drill down a new worksheet, within the same Excel workbook, is created with the next level of data in it. These worksheets are titled PLNDrill1-n. This method will give the user detail right down to account balance level.



BOP does not hold transaction data. If the user requires this information, they will need to investigate through FIS.

Printing a report – Once a report has been generated it can be printed by selecting the print option from the normal Excel Toolbar (>**File>Print**)

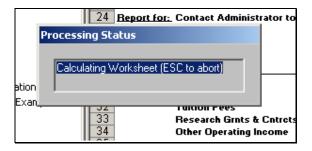
Saving a report – a report can be saved locally for reviewing off line. This can be done using the Excel Save As functionality **>File>Save As**. The following dialogue box is displayed:



Use the **Browse** button to select where you want to save the report output then press **OK**.

Sending/Emailing a report – You can email a report to someone by using the standard Excel functionality. Select >**File**>**Send To**>**Mail Recipient (as Attachment).**

Aborting a report – if you have started a report and wish to stop it running, when the **Calculating Worksheet** message appears in the dialogue box you



can press the **Escape** (**Esc**) key and the report will terminate. WARNING: The values shown in the report may now be corrupted or part refreshed depending on when it was stopped.

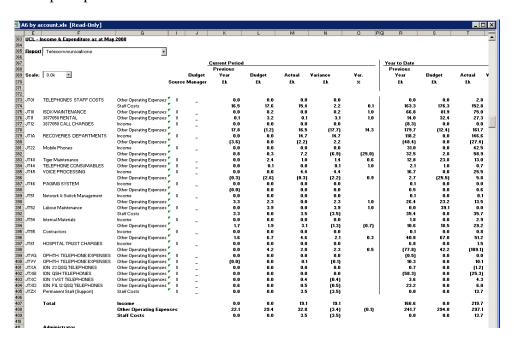
Using the Standard Reports - The Current Standard reports setup in the SharedReports directory in BOP are shown below together with their anticipated audience and the level of drilldown appropriate for them.

Report	Finance Committee and SMT	Deans and Vice Provost (Admin)	Heads of Academic Divisions/Departme nts - Heads of CSS Divisions	
A1 Top I&E	X	X	X	
A2 by Analysis Group	X	X	X	
A3 Expenditure by Area	X	X		
A4 Income by Area	X	X		
A5 by Source	X	X	X	
A6 by Account			X	X

The drill level refers to the reporting hierarchy setup in BOP and FIS. The levels within the hierarchy are shown below:

- 1- UCL
- 2- School
- 3- Faculty
- 4- Division
- 5- Department
- 6- Budget Manager
- 7- Account Code

Example report



For further reporting requirements, a user group will be created to assess future report developments before the reports are created centrally.

Glossary

ADS - Administrative Desktop Support

Advancing - A workbook used by FMAs to process allocation and reserve

adjustments across Departments/Faculties.

Allocations - Cash allocations initially may by Finance.

BOP - Business Objects Planner Brought Forward Reserve - The opening balance

Entry Workbook - A workbook used to capture Departmental Budgets/Forecasts

across all accounts during a controlled process period.

FMA - Faculty Management Accountant

Future Projections - 5 year forecast

IDT - Inter Departmental Transfer

IYA Workbook - A workbook used by Departments ad hoc to process and

allocation and reserve adjustments within the department, or

update their forecasts.

PMA - Planning and Management Accounts Reserves - Departmental accumulated funds

Reserve adjustments - Movement of departmental funds (equivalent to budget

journals).

Reserve Posted - Reserve adjustments already committed to FIS

SPM - Standard Planning Method used to change the spreading of a

forecast in a controlled way

Validation - Checks to ensure data saved back is correct.

Workbook - An excel spreadsheet used to capture budgets/forecasts

WTS - Windows Terminal Server

Appendix A – Summary Sheet Print Styles

Source Current

								Cur	rent Budget 200	8/09					
Source	Reserve	Reserves	Reserve		Allocation	Total		Staff	Other Operating	Departmental	Departmental	Equipment	Contribution to		Movementon
	b/f2008/09	Poliched	Ad ju stments	Allocations	Ad ju stments	fund 6	Income	Costs	Espence c	Recoverte s	Charges	Bipendi†ure ≥ £26k	Capital Projects	Reiserve o#	Reserves
1	(2,434)	0	0	29,829	0	27,395	0	54,497	40,533	0	0	0	0	(67,635)	(65,201)
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	(4969	0	0	0	0	(4,965)	0	2,369	2,7 45	0	0	0	0	(10,080)	(5,114)
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	16,320	0	0	0	0	16,320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16,320	0
В	1,227	0	0	0	0	1,227	0	0	618	0	0	0	0	609	(618)
н	13,491	0	0	0	0	13,491	3,002	0	0	0	0	0	0	16,493	3,002
	23,638	0	0	29,829	0	53,467	3,002	95,865	43,897	0	0	0	0	(44,25(3)	(67,931)

Source Variance 1

						Varian	ce betweer	Current Budget	: 2008/09 and E	Budget 2007/08				
Source	Reserve	Reserve		Allocations	Total		Staff	Other Operating	Departmental	Departmental	Equipment	Contribution to		Movement on
	b /f	Ad justments	Allo da flori s	Ad ju stment s	tund 6	Inco me	Costs	Expenses	Recoveries	Charge s	Expenditure > £26k	Capital Projects	Receive of	Reiser veis
1	(2,434)	0	29,829	0	27,395	0	(54,497)	(40,533)	0	0	0	0	(67,635)	(65,201)
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	(4,965)	0	0	0	(4,965)	0	(2,369)	(2,746)	0	0	0	0	(10,080)	(5,114)
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	16,320	0	0	0	16,320	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16,320	0
В	1,227	0	0	0	1,227	0	0	(618)	0	0	0	0	609	(618)
Н	13,491	0	0	0	13,491	3,002	0	0	0	0	0	0	16,493	3,002
	23,638	0	29,829	0	53,467	3,002	(56,865)	(43,897)	0	0	0	0	(44,293)	(67,931)

Source Variance 2

					Var	iance betw	een Curren	t Budget 2008/09	and Current F	orecast 2007/08				
Source	Reserve	Reserve		Allocations	Total		Staff	Other Operating	Departmental	Departmental	Equipment	Contribution to		ovement c
	bif	Adjustments	Allocations	Adjustments	funds	Income	Costs	Espenses	Recovertes	Charges	Expenditure > £25k	Capital Projects	Reserve c/f	Reserves
1	(8,611)	263	29,829	0	21,481	0	(12,016)	(11,418)	0	0	0	0	(1,952)	6,659
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	(4,965)	0	0	0	(4,965)	0	(69)	(00)	0	0	0	0	(5,114)	(149)
5	(842)	842	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	842
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	13,596	(842)	0	0	12,754	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12,754	(842)
В	379	0	0	0	379	0	0	(18)	0	0	0	0	361	(18)
Н	2,619	0	0	0	2,619	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,706	87
													-	1
	2,176	263	29,829	0	32,268	87	(12,085)	(11,516)	0	0	0	0	8,755	6,579

Detail Current

		Current Budget 2008/09														
Department: B0056 - Greek & Latin	Source	Reserve bit 2000/09	Reserves Posted	Ras arv a Adjustments	Allocations	Allocation Adjustments	Total funds	Income	Staff Costs	Other Operating	Departmental Recoveres	De da rimental Charges	Equipment Expenditure > 625k	Cantribution to Capital Projects	Reserve cif	Movement on Reserves
Total		23,638	D	0	29,629	0	50,467	3,002	59.85	43,007	0	0	0		84,250)	(67,50)
ANTI- PRESE EL AND RECURRENT AND LET MACHINE PLACE ANTI- PRESENTATION DE PERFACELLE MI SOURCE 1	1	7,004 (11,674) 1,516 891 (2,434)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	29,029 0 0 0 0 29,029	0 0 0 0	36,963 (11,634) 1,516 691 27,365	0 0 0 0	30 54,419 0 0 54,407	20,207 13,410 400 410 40,530	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	D D D D	0 0 0 0	10,578 (79,712) 1,027 473 67,635)	3,544 (67,66) (46) (41) (65,27)
600 - 200 DF Parent Teda de adeir en de mail. Recurrir 2	2	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0 0	0	0	0.0	

Detail Variance 1

		Variance between Ourrent Budget 2008/09 and Budget 2007/08													
Department:	So uro e	Reserve	Recenve		Alloca ton s	To tal		staπ	Other Operating	De partmental	De partmental	Equipment	Contribution to		Mo vem en ton
B0D66 - Greek & Lattn		bé	Adjustments	Allocations	Adjustments	funds	Income	Costs	Expenses	Recoveries	Charges	Expenditure > £25k	Capital Projects	Reserve c/f	Reserves
Total		23,638	Ú	29,829	0	53,467	3,002	(98,885)	(43,897)	0	i û	Û	0	(44,293)	(67,931)
AUG1 - GREEK & LATIN RECURRENT		2004	ė.	29.829		36,863		20	(26,207)				0	10.578	3.544
AWA : PYTTEACHING PUNDS		7,034	ú	29,029	0	(11,874)	0	(78) (54.419)	(13,419)	0		ů ů	0	(79,712)	(67,838)
AUCS: Widowig PatiopationFunds	1	1,616	ù	ū	0	1,616	ū	ů.	(489)	Ó	i û	ū	ū	1,027	(489)
AMS: STAFF COMPUTER REPLACEMENT	1	891	0	0	Q.	891	0	0	(418)	0	0	0	0	473	(418)
Source 1		(2,434)	U.	29,829	0	27,395	0	(54,497)	(40,533)		0	0	ū	(87,636)	(65,201)
AMIT - 2008 CE Pasyus Toda Arabia essentet	2	ú	ú	ú	0	0	ú	ū	ù	Ó	ú	ū	0	ū	(
Source 2		0	Û	Ú	0	Û	0	Û	Ú	Û	i û	Ó	0	Û	(

Detail Variance 2

			Variance between Current Budget 2008/09 and Current Forecast 2007/08												
Department: B0 D66 - Greek & Latin	Source	Reserve b/f	Reserve Adjustments	Allocations	Allocations Adjustments	Total funda	Income	Staff Costs	Other Operating Expenses	Departmental Recoveries	Departmental Charges	Equipment Expenditure > £25k	Contribution to Capital Projects	Reserve of	Novement c Reserves
Total		2,176	263	29,829	0	32,268	87	(12,085)	(11,516)	0	0	0	0	8,755	6,579
AVA1 : GREEK & LATIN RECURRENT AVA4 : PYTTEACHING RUNDS		(32,597) 22,875	82,597	29,829	0	79,829	0	(12.013)	(10,919)	0	0	0	0	68,908 (72,179)	101,505
AUCS : Widows Paticipation Funds	1	1,616	0	ū	a a	1,516	ū	(12,013)	221	0	0	à	ū	1,737	221
Source 1	1	(405) (8,611)	0 263	0 29,829	0	(405) 21,481	û û	(12,016)	(13) (11,418)	0	0	0	0	(418) (1,952)	(13) 6,659
AAAT : 2008 CF Papyrus Tods Aregiss opapmed. Source 2	2	0	0	û û	û û	ů ů	û û	û û	0	0	0 0	0	0	o o	0
	_														$\overline{}$

Appendix B – Entry Sheet Print Styles

Do Not Use

Reserved for Internal Workings

Summary Detail

Budget Manager:	Source: 1		M:	aterial:	es .
Reserve b/f	(11,803)	0	(34,750)	(11,874)	22,875
Reserve posted	0	0	82,333	0	(82,333)
Reserve adjustments					
Allocation	0	0	0	0	(
Allocation adjustments		****		18,285	
Total funds	(11,803)	0	47,584	6,411	(41,173
Staff Costs	12,708	0	46,654	1,762	44,892
Other Operating Expenses					
Non Staff Expenses	10,239	0	12,805	14,500	(1,695
Inter Departmental Recoveries (-)	0	0	0	0	(
Inter Departmental Charges (+)	0	0	0		(
Equipment Expenditure > £25k	0	0	0	0	(
Contribution to Capital Projects	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	22.947	0	59,458	16,262	43,196
Reserve c/f	(34,750)	0	(11,874)	(9,851)	2,023
Movement on Reserves	(22,947)	0	22,875	2,023	(20,852
AM05 : Widening Participation Funds	s				
Budget Manager:	s Source: 1		M		No
Budget Manager:	Source: 1	0	M :	aterial: 1	
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f	Source: 1	0 0		1,516 0	1,516
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f Reserve posted	Source: 1	0	0	1,516	1,516
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation	Source: 1		0	1,516 0 0	1,516
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation	Source: 1	0	0 0 1,990	1,516 0 0 0	1,516 ((1,990
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds	Source: 1 0 0 0	0 0	0	1,516 0 0 0 0 0 1,516	1,516 ((1,990
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds	Source: 1 0 0	0	0 0 1,990	1,516 0 0 0	1,516 (1,990 (474
Budget Manager: Reserve bif Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds Staff Costs	Source: 1 0 0 0	0 0	0 0 1,990	1,516 0 0 0 0 0 1,516	1,516 (1,990 (474
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds Staff Costs	Source: 1 0 0 0	0 0	0 0 1,990	1,516 0 0 0 0 0 1,516	1,516 (1,990 (474
Budget Manager: Reserve buf Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds Staff Costs Other Operating Expenses	Source: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0	1,990 1,990 0	1,516 0 0 0 0 0 1,516 0	1,516 (1,990 (474
Budget Manager: Reserve bif Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds Staff Costs Other Operating Expenses Non Staff Expenses	Source: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1,990 1,990 0 474	1,516 0 0 0 0 1,516 0	1,516 (1,990 (474 (1,042
Budget Manager: Reserve b/f Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds Staff Costs Other Operating Expenses Non Staff Expenses Inter Departmental Recoveries (-)	Source: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1,990 1,990 0 474	1,516 0 0 0 0 1,516 0	1,516 (1,990 (474 (1,042
Budget Manager: Reserve bif Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds Staff Costs Other Operating Expenses Non Staff Expenses Inter Departmental Recoveries (-) Inter Departmental Charges (+)	Source: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1,990 1,990 0 474 0 0	1,516 0 0 0 0 1,516 0 1,516	1,516 (1,990 (474 (1,042
Budget Manager: Reserve bif Reserve posted Reserve adjustments Allocation Allocation adjustments Total funds Staff Costs Other Operating Expenses Non Staff Expenses Inter Departmental Recoveries (-) Inter Departmental Charges (+) Equipment Expenditure > £25k Contribution to Capital Projects	Source: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,990 1,990 0 474 0 0	1,516 0 0 0 0 1,516 0 1,516 0	1,516 (1,990 (474 (1,042
Inter Departmental Recoveries (-) Inter Departmental Charges (+) Equipment Expenditure > £25k	Source: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,990 1,990 0 474 0 0	1,516 0 0 0 0 1,516 0 1,516 0 0	(1.990 (474 (1.042 (1.042 (1.042 (1.516

Summary Material

As above but with only 'Material' accounts

Department:	Refresh View	Actual	Budget	Current Forecast	Current Budget	Variance Current
Reserve b/f		(1,622)	0	39,631	7,034	(32,597)
Reserve posted		500	0	(82,597)	0	82,597
AM04 : P/T TEA	ACHING FUNDS					
Budget Manag	er:	Source: 1			Material:	Yes
Reserve b/f		(11,803)	0	(34,750)	(11,874)	22,875
Reserve posted		0	0	82,333	0	(82,333)
Reserve adjustme	ents					
Allocation		0	0	0	0	0
Allocation adjustn	nents				18,285	
Total funds		(11,803)	0	47,584	6,411	(41,173)
Staff Costs		12,708	0	46,654	1,762	44,892
Other Operating E	xpenses					
Non Staff Exper	nses	10,239	0	12,805	14,500	(1,695)
Inter Departmen	ntal Recoveries (-)	0	0	0	0	0
Inter Departmen	ntal Charges (+)	0	0	0		0
Equipment Exp	enditure > £25k	0	0	0	0	0
Contribution to	Capital Projects	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditure		22,947	0	59,458	16,262	43,196
Reserve c/f		(34,750)	0	(11,874)	(9,851)	2,023
Movement on Res	erves	(22,947)	0	22,875	2,023	(20,852)

Forecast

Refre	sh View	2008/09												Dudget
B0D56 - Budget - Greek &	Latin	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	Total
AM01 : GREEK & LATIN R	ECURRENT													
Budget Manager:														
Reserve by Reserve posted Reserve adjustments		7.033.88 0.00 126.00	7.614.57 0.00 0.00	20.694.77 0.00 0.00	21.718.04 0.00 0.00	18.950.05 0.00 0.00	15.012.58 0.00	12.664.02 0.00 0.00	10.499.52 0.00	7.346.58 0.00 0.00	4.993.97 0.00 0.00	3.998.25 0.00 0.00	0.00	7,034
Allocation		0	31,486	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0	31,400
Allocation adjustments Total funds		7.034	(18.285.00)	20.695	21.718	18.950	15.013	12.664	10.500	7.347	4.994	3.998	(0)	(18.285)
Staff Costs Other Operating Expenses		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Non Staff Expenses		(581)	121	(1.023)	2,768	3.937	2.349	2,165	3.153	2,353	996	3,998	0	20.23
Inter Departmental Recoveries		.0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- 3
Inter Departmental Charges Equipment Expenditure > £25	(+)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Contribution to Capital Project		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure		(581)	121	(1.023)	2,768	3.937	2,349	2,165	3,153	2,353	995	3,998	0	20,235
Reserve c/f		7,615	20,695	21,718	18,950	15,013	12,664	10,500	7,347	4,994	3,998	(0)	(0)	. (0
Movement on Reserves		581	13.080	1.023	(2.768)	(3.937)	(2.349)	(2.165)	(3.153)	(2.353)	(996)	(3.998)	(0)	(7.034)

Projection

Department:	Refresh View	Projection	Projection	Projection	Projection	Future Years
B0D56 - Budge	et - Greek & Latin	2008/09	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	Comments
AM01 : GREEK	& LATIN RECURRENT					
Budget Manage	er:					
Reserve b/f	****	0	0	0	0	
Reserve posted		0	0	0	0	
Reserve adjustme	ents	0	0	0	0	
Allocation		0	0	0	0	
Allocation adjustn	nents		0	0	0	
Total funds		0	0.	0	0	
Staff Costs		0	80	83	85	
Other Operating E	xpenses					
Non Staff Exper	nses	0	26,993	27,803	28,637	
Inter Departmen	ntal Recoveries (-)	0	0	0	0	
Inter Departmen	ntal Charges (+)	0	0	0	0	
Equipment Expe	enditure > £25k	0	0	0	0	
Contribution to	Capital Projects	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditure	The second secon	0	27,074	27,886	28,722	
Reserve c/f		0	(27,074)	(27,886)	(28,722)	
Movement on Res	erves	0	(27,074)	(27,886)	(28,722)	

Variance

Refresh View	/ Variance Curren	mrcs1-800											Variance
30D56 - Budget - Greek & Latin	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	Mary	June	July	Total
M01 : GREEK & LATIN RECURRENT													
Budget Manager:													
teserve bif	(32.597)	(32.563)	(72.391)	(72.544)	(72.706)	(82.936)	(263)	(390)	(574)	(6.742)	(6.800)	(7.034)	(32,597
teserve posted	0	0	(213)	0	0	82.810	0	0	0	0	0	0	82.59
teserve adjustments	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ulocation	0	(21.536)	0	0	(10,000)	0	0	0	(6,107)	0	0	0	437/643
docation adjustments		18.285	0	. 0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18.28
otal funds	(32.597)	(35.814)	(72.604)	(72.544)	(82.706)	(126)	(263)	(390)	(6.681)	(6.742)	(6.800)	(7.034)	/5.928
itaff Costs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	0	0	0	7
Other Operating Expenses													
Non Staff Expenses	34	(7)	60	(162)	(230)	(137)	(126)	(184)	(137)	(58)	(234)	(0)	(1,182
Inter Departmental Recoveries (-)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inter Departmental Charges (+)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Equipment Expenditure > £25k	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 10
Contribution to Capital Projects	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
otal Expenditure	34	(7)	60	(162)	(230)	(137)	(126)	(184)	(61)	.(58)	(234)	(0)	(1.106
teserve c/f	(32,631)	(35,807)	(72,664)	(72,383)	(82,476)	- 11	(137)	(206)	(6,619)	(6,684)	(6,567)	(7,034)	(7,034
lovement on Reserves	(34)	39.828	153	162	10.230	(82.673)	126	184	6.168	58	234	0	25.56